Proper conditioning will allow you to maximize your athletic skills. Workouts should be performed each week for the duration of summer. Fill in the sheets as you go to chart your progress. It will be rather easy to tell if you followed the routine by the fitness level you exhibit at tryouts.

You have the option of participating in the fee-based program of group conditioning or train on your own or with a partner.

The organized fee-based program and the self-paced one are designed to guide you from Week 1 at the start of the summer to Week 8 as you move into tryouts. It shows you how to develop progressively and how to monitor your progress over the course of the summer so you are well poised to perform on Day 1 of tryouts and into the season.

Program Goals:

- 1. <u>Progressive training</u> establish a routine of training to improve your physical conditioning.
- 2. <u>Prevent injury</u> a well-conditioned, flexible athlete is less likely to be injured and will recuperate more quickly if injured.
- 3. <u>Increase work capacity</u> a well-conditioned athlete can respond to the demands of field hockey competition and recover more quickly during games.
- 4. <u>Develop core strength and body awareness</u> abdominal, low back, and hip strength are essential to transfer the force generated by the legs to the upper body and to sustain proper field hockey posture.
- 5. <u>Improve stick skills</u> the ability to handle the ball confidently and skillfully differentiates hockey players on the field.

Sources:

- Spotsylvania Knights 2008 Field Hockey Summer Strength and Conditioning Program
- Worchester state 2007 field hockey summer strength and conditioning program
- Edina Hornet Volleyball Summer Conditioning Program
- Washington & Jefferson College Summer Conditioning Program
- National Field Hockey Coaches Association Coaches Clinic Goal Keeping Drills
- Book: Winning Field Hockey for Girls by Becky Swissler
- Book: Training for Speed, Agility and Quickness by Lee Brown and Vance Ferrigno
- Book: Field Hockey Techniques and Tactics
- Champions Edge Field Hockey website www.ce-fieldhockey.com

Sample Weekly Training Plan

Monday	Agility / Footwork Legs Speed Aerobic (Timed Run, Intervals or Fartleks)	1 hour
	Core	30 minutes
Tuesday	Stick Skills / Goalie Skills Watch Field Hockey	20-30 minutes 10-15 minutes
Wednesday	Agility / Footwork Legs Speed Aerobic (Timed Run, Intervals or Fartleks) Core	1 hour 30 minutes
Thursday	Stick Skills / Goalie Skills Summer League (Aerobic)	20-30 minutes 1 ½ - 2 hours
Friday	Core Stick Skills / Goalie Skills Watch Field Hockey	30 minutes 20-30 minutes 10-15 minutes
Saturday	Aerobic (Timed Run, Intervals or Fartleks)	10 minutes to warm-up 8-31 minutes for run 10 minutes to stretch
Sunday	Rest	
	Total Weekly Time Commitment:	8 hours

Week # Dates:	Name:		
Agility / Footwork: 2x/Week	Date	Date	
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
5 Yard Square 3 sets 8 reps.			
W Run 3 sets 30-60 sec.			
Z Run 3 sets 30-60 sec.			
Speed: 2x/Week	Date	Date	
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
Skip for Height 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Skip for Distance 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Falling Starts 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Timed Run Progression: 1-2x/Week	Date / Run Time	Date / Run Time	
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
Intervals or Fartleks: 1-2x/Week	Date / Run Time	Date / Run Time	
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
Legs: 2x/Week	Date	Date	
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
Lunges 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Squats w/ Front Kick 3 sets 15-20 reps			
Squats - Wall Sits 5 sets 30-60 sec.			
Arms: 2x/Week	Date	Date	
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
Dumbbell Rows 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Reverse Fly 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Core: 3x/Week	Date	Date	Date
> Group Training			
> Self-Paced			
Reverse Crunch 3 sets 10-15 reps.			
Bicycle Exercise 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Vertical Leg Crunch 3 sets 10-15 reps.			
Plank 3 sets 10-15 reps.			
Back Extension 3 sets 15-20 reps.			
Stick Skills / Goalie Skills: 3x/Week	Date	Date	Date
1000's Club			
Watch Field Hockey: 2x/Week	Date	Date	
Watch online videos for 10-15 mins			

1000's Club

Field Player Stick Skills

Name:	
Indian Dribbling	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Pulls	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Lifts	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Push Passes	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Hits	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Shots on Goal	Dates / Number Completed:

1000 Completion Date:

1000's Club

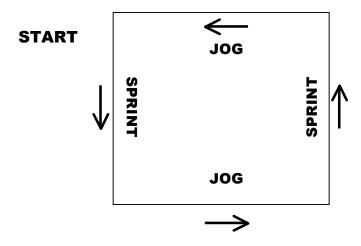
Goalie Skills

Name:	
Slides	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Slides with Ball	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Lunges	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Triangles	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Soccer Ball Kicks	Dates / Number Completed:
	1000 Completion Date:
Saves	Dates / Number Completed:

1000 Completion Date:

Agility / Footwork

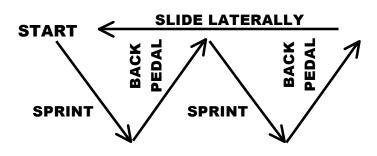
5 Yard Square



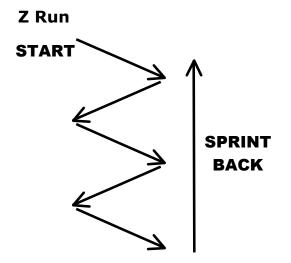
This reinforces the 'change of direction' footwork needed in games.

- 1. Create a 5-yard square.
- 2. Alternate SPRINT and JOG the sides of the square.
- 3. Do 3 sets of 8 repetitions.
- 4. After 1st rep., switch direction and go clockwise.

W Run



- 1. Cones are placed 7 yds. apart.
- 2. Run in a 'W' formation—sprint forward then back pedal through pattern.
- 3. Repeat when you return to the start.
- 4. Do 3 timed sets of 30 sec. or vary sets at 40-50-60 sec.



- 1. Cones are 5-7 yds. apart from each other at various lengths and widths.
- 2. Zig zag around cones making quick turns and accelerating.
- 3. Sprint back to beginning.
- 4. Do 3 sets of 30 seconds or vary sets at 40-50-60 secs.

Speed Training

Skip for Height:

Purpose is to increase hip extension and flexion strength, improve ankle-muscle stiffness, enhance leg power and stride length.

- 1. Skip, driving the free knee upward as aggressively as possible.
- 2. Make the arm action very aggressive as well.
- 3. Try to skip as high as possible on each jump.

Skip for Distance:

Purpose is to increase hip power and stride length

- 1. Start in a lunge position.
- 2. Jump straight into the air and return to the original position.
- 3. Repeat without pausing.
- 4. Repeat for other leg.

Tips: The knee closest to the ground should never touch the ground. Your hands are either placed on either side of your head (near the ears) or may be used in unison to drive upward with each jump.

Falling Starts:

Purpose is to enhance quick leg turnover at start and teach the proper acceleration lean.

- 1. Stand with the feet together and lean forward until your balance is lost.
- 2. At this point, accelerate at full speed to catch yourself.
- 3. Run 20 to 30 yards.

Timed Run Progression

Week 1	June 15 – June 21	1 mile under 9 min.
Week 2	June 22 – June 28	1 mile under 8 min.
Week 3	June 29 – July 5	1.5 miles under 14 min.
Week 4	July 6 – July 12	1.5 miles under 13 min.
Week 5	July 13 – July 19	2 miles under 21 min.
Week 6	July 20 – July 26	2 miles under 20 min.
Week 7	July 27 – Aug 2	2.5 miles under 27 min.
Week 8	Aug 3 – Aug 9	2.5 miles under 26 min.

Intervals

Intervals are high intensity, short duration sprints. All intervals should be done on a track or a lined field. Adhere strictly to the rest times that are listed in each interval workout. Do not take additional rest in between. These workouts should be hard and you should be drained when you are finished. Your heart rate should be towards the upper end of your target heart range immediately after your intervals and should drop below your target heart rate range (but no lower than 120 beats per minute) before you begin your next set. A heart rate monitor would be an excellent tool to use while running intervals.

Sample Interval Workouts:

Interval I

2 x 800 meters; 4 minute rest
2 x 400 meters; 2:30 minute rest
2 x 200 meters; 1:30 minute rest
4 x 100 meters; 45 second rest
4 x 50 meters; 30 second rest

Total Miles: 2.15

Interval II

6 x 200 meters; 1 minute rest6 x 400 meters; 2 minute rest

Total Miles: 2.25

Fartleks

Fartlek workouts are a combination of intense runs alternated with modified rests performed at various speeds and distances. This kind of running simulates the running that you perform in a game much more closely than a steady distance run. When running your fartleks make sure that your shorter times are run at top speed and your longer times are run at a pace that is similar to the pace you would run an 800. There should be definite difference between your jog ("off") and your run ("on"). Fartlek workouts are more fun when you run them with a partner that you can race against. Push yourself!

Sample Fartlek Workouts:

KEY: On = sprint; Off = jog; Run = 800 meter pace (faster than jog); X = number of reps

Fartlek I

- 5 min. run
- 2 min. on / 2 min. off x 4
- 1:30 on / 1:30 off x 4
- 1 min. on / 45 sec. off x 4
- 5 min. run

Total: 39 minutes

Fartlek II

- 5 min. steady pace
- 1 min. on / 1 min. off x 2
- 1:30 min. on / 1:30 min. off x 2
- 2 min. on / 2 min. off x 2
- 1:30 min. on / 1:30 min. off x 2
- 1 min. on / 1 min. off x 2
- 5 min. steady pace

Total: 38 minutes

Legs Workout

Legs Workout	
	 Squats Place an exercise ball behind the back and against the wall with feet hipwidth apart, abs in and torso straight. Bend your knees and lower down until knees are at 90 degrees (don't go down as low if you have knee problems). Repeat for 30-60 seconds and hold weights for added intensity.
	 Lunges 1. Stand in split stance, right foot in front. 2. Bend the knees and lower body into lunge position, keeping the right knee behind the toe, torso upright and abs in. 30 seconds, then switch legs for 30 seconds. 3. Hold weights for added intensity.
	 Squats with Front Kick Stand with feet together. Bring the right knee up and extend the leg in a front kick (don't lock the knee!). Lower down into a low squat (knees behind toes) and then kick with the left leg. Repeat (right kick, squat, left kick) for 1-3 minutes.

Arms Workout



Dumbbell Rows (Back)

- Bend over at the waist until torso parallel to floor or at 45 degree angle, abs in and knees slightly bent.
- 2. Hold the weights straight down without locking the elbows.
- 3. Bend the elbows and pull the weights up until the elbows are level with the torso. Try to keep the shoulders relaxed and away from the ears.
- 4. Lower down and repeat for specified number of reps then switch sides.

Tips: Be sure to keep your abs contracted throughout the movement to support the lower back. If this exercise hurts your lower back, try doing it one arm at a time with the hand supported on a bench or ball.



Reverse Fly (Back)

- 1. Use light-medium dumbbells and begin in a seated position, bent over with arms hanging down and weights under the knees.
- 2. Try not to collapse on the legs but, instead, keep the back straight and the abs engaged.
- 3. Lift the arms out to the sides, up to shoulder level, squeezing shoulder blades together.
- 4. Keep the elbows slightly bent and only lift to shoulders.
- 5. Lower and repeat for 1 to 3 sets of 12-16 repetitions, with a 20-30 second rest between sets.

Core Workout

No.	Reverse Crunch (Abs)
	1. Lie on your back and extend the legs up towards the ceiling.
	Place hands behind your head (lightly cupping it) and contract the abs to lift the shoulder blades off the floor.
	At the same time, press the heels towards the ceiling, creating a 'u' shape with the torso.
	Bicycle Exercise (Abs)
	Lie face up on the floor and lace your fingers behind your head.
	Bring the knees in towards the chest and lift the shoulder blades off the ground without pulling on the neck.
	Straight the left leg out to about a 45-degree angle while simultaneously turning the upper body to the right, bringing the left elbow towards the right knee.
240	4. Switch sides, bringing the right elbow towards the left knee.
	Vertical Leg Crunch (Abs)
	 Lie face up on the floor and extend the legs straight up with knees crossed. Contract the abs to lift the shoulder blades off the floor, as though reaching
<i>M</i>	your chest towards your feet.
	Keep the legs in a fixed position and imagine bringing your belly button towards your spine at the top of the movement.
	Plank on Elbows and Toes (Abs)
	1. Lie face down on mat resting on the forearms, palms flat on the floor.
E SAN	2. Push off the floor, raising up onto toes and resting on the elbows.
	3. Keep your back flat, in a straight line from head to heels.
	4. Tilt your pelvis and contract your abdominals to prevent your rear end from
	sticking up in the air. 5. Hold for 20 to 60 seconds.
-	
100	Back Extension (Back) 1. Lie face down on a mat and place the hands on the floor or behind the head
	(more advanced).
	2. Contract the abs and keep them contracted throughout the exercise.
	Squeeze the back to lift the chest a few inches off the floor. Lewer and report.
	Lower and repeat. Tips: Imagine that you're lengthening the torso as you lift the chest up. To
	add intensity, you can also lift the legs off the floor at the same time.
CO THEFT THE	Back Extensions on the Ball (Back)
	Lie down with the ball under the belly and hips, legs straight out behind you (or knees bent for a modification).
	Place the hands behind the head or under the chin - you can also keep the hands resting on the ball if you need a modification.
	Round down over the ball and then squeeze the lower back to lift the chest off the ball.
	Raise up until the body is straight (don't hyperextend), lower down and repeat

Stick Skills

Indian Dribbling:

Indian dribbling involves dribbling the ball by alternating between regular side and reverse side dribbles. The dribbling is done in a tight, controlled manner.

- 1. Set up 2 cones 10 yards.
- 2. Get in proper field hockey stance.
- 3. Place ball in your control box out in front of you.
- 4. Indian dribble up 10 yards.
- 5. Circle around with the ball on your stick important to keep the ball moving so you don't commit obstruction.
- 6. Indian dribble back 10 yards.
- 7. One complete Indian dribble is 10 yards.

Pulls:

- 1. Get in proper field hockey stance.
- 2. Place ball in your control box out in front of you.
- 3. Pull the ball from off your right foot to off your left foot and back again with the reverse side of the stick.
- 4. Be sure to transfer your weight from right to left and back to right again.
- 5. Keep your head up and have your left hand at knee height (not hip height).
- 6. One complete pull is from the right to the left and back to the right.

Lifts:

You need a bucket for this drill.

- 1. Practice stationary lifts from various distances.
- 2. Then practice carrying the ball and lifting on the move.
- 3. Perform lifts on both the regular and reverse stick (reverse lift is know as the jinx).
- 4. Be sure that your left arm drops down in order to get under the ball to lift it.

Push Passes:

- 1. Find a wall and pass to it.
- 2. Dribble from different directions and execute a pass.
- 3. Work on passing off both feet.
- 4. Challenge yourself with reverse stick passes as well.

Hits:

- 1. Find a wall and hit against it.
- 2. Challenge yourself to hit to a certain spot 5 times in a row.
- 3. Then hit to another spot 5 times in a row.
- 4. Always hit with a ball placed in motion to make it game like. Do not hit stationary balls.
- 5. Challenge yourself with reverse hits.

Shots on Goal:

- 1. You need to go to the field to use the goal cage for this drill.
- 2. Position balls around the circle within 7 yards of the goal (stroke mark to goal area). This is our high-probability scoring zone.
- 3. Take shots on goal using different types of shots.
- 4. Try shots off both feet.
- 5. Challenge yourself to try advance shots such as the flick, drag flick, reverse chip, lift, jinx, and punch or pop.

Goalie Skills

Slides:

- 1. Set up 2 cones 4 yards apart (width of goal cage).
- 2. Get in a squat position with your head up, weight on balls of feet, and your hands out to sides at hip height.
- 3. Slide in between cones touching the cone with your hand.
- 4. 10 touches per set (5 each cone).
- 5. Focus on staying low and not bobbing up and down especially when you get tired.

Slides with Ball:

You need a partner (ball server) for this drill.

- 1. Set up 2 cones 4 yards apart (width of goal cage).
- 2. Slide from cone to cone as the server tosses a ball just outside the cone.
- 3. Catch the ball with only the outside hand.
- 4. Immediately toss (underhand) the ball back to the server as you slide to the other cone.
- 5. 10 catches per set (5 each hand).
- 6. Go through each variation Slow, Fast, High/Low

Lunges:

- 1. Set up 2 cones 4 yards apart (width of goal cage).
- 2. Get in a squat position with your head up, weight on balls of feet, and your hands out to sides at hip height.
- 3. Lunge left, reset, and then lunge right.
- 4. 10 lunges per set (5 each side).

Triangles:

- 1. Set up 3 cones in the shape of a triangle with 4 yard sides.
- 2. Start in the center on one side.
- 3. Get in a squat position with your head up, weight on balls of feet, and your hands out to sides at hip height.
- 4. Sprint up to cone at top of triangle.
- 5. Drop step to one side in proper goalie stance and slide down to triangle corner and back to center of side.
- 6. Repeat sprint to top of triangle and then drop step to other side.
- 7. 10 complete triangles per set.

Soccer Ball Kicks:

A Size 1 soccer ball is very similar to kicking a hockey ball in pads because like a hockey ball, the small soccer ball will pop up if your head is up or if you do not contact the ball in the perfect spot on your foot.

You can do this drill with a partner or by yourself, kicking the ball against a wall, about 10 yards away. Then, move in closer to work on your reaction time and farther away to work on your power.

Use a line or marker to help with this technique.

- 1. Start behind the line.
- 2. Meet the ball as you step over the line with a fluid step-through motion with your weight forward, following through toward your target (wall or partner).
- 3. Reset back behind the line.
- 4. Clears should stay low and controlled on the ground.

Saves:

One or more field players are needed to shoot on goal for this drill. You need to go to the field to use the goal cage and be in full goalie gear. Set up in the proper goalie stance. Work on saves and clears as field players take shots on goal.